



A Machine Learning playing GO

TUM Data Innovation Lab

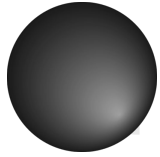
Sponsored by: Lehrstuhl für Geometrie und Visualisierung

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TUM-DI-LAB Coordinator & Project Manager: Dr. Ricardo Acevedo Cabra

Head of TUM-DI-LAB: Prof. Dr. Massimo Fornasier





2016: AlphaGo vs. Lee Sedol





The Korea Herald

Sales of Go-playing products soar

By Korea Herald



The Guardian
International edition

DeepMind's artificial intelligence astonishes fans to defeat human opponent and offers evidence computer software has mastered a major challenge



NBC NEWS

'Go' Matches Between Lee Sedol and AlphaGo Push AI Boundaries

by Stella Kim / Mar. 09.2016 / 1:58 PM ET

NATURE | NEWS

South Korea trumpets \$860-million AI fund after AlphaGo 'shock'

CADE METZ BUSINESS 03.16.16 07:00 AM

WIRED

IN TWO MOVES, ALPHAGO AND LEE SEDOL REDEFINED THE FUTURE



2014: “**May take another ten years or so**”

ALAN LEVINOVITZ BUSINESS 05.12.14 06:30 AM

WIRED

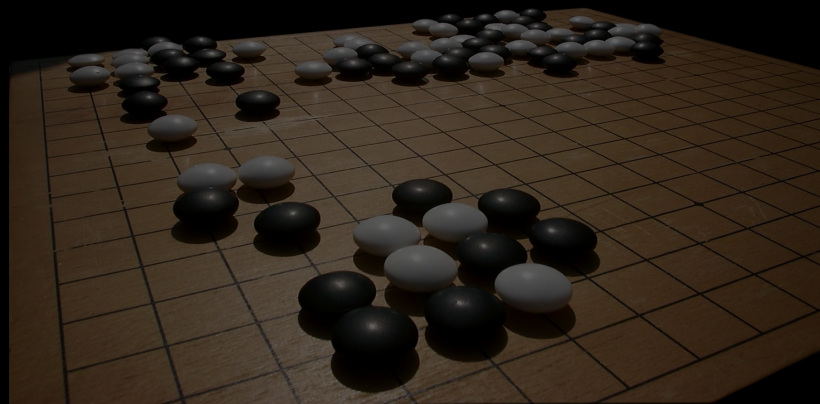
THE MYSTERY OF GO, THE ANCIENT GAME THAT COMPUTERS STILL CAN'T WIN

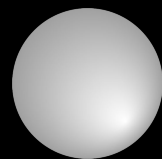
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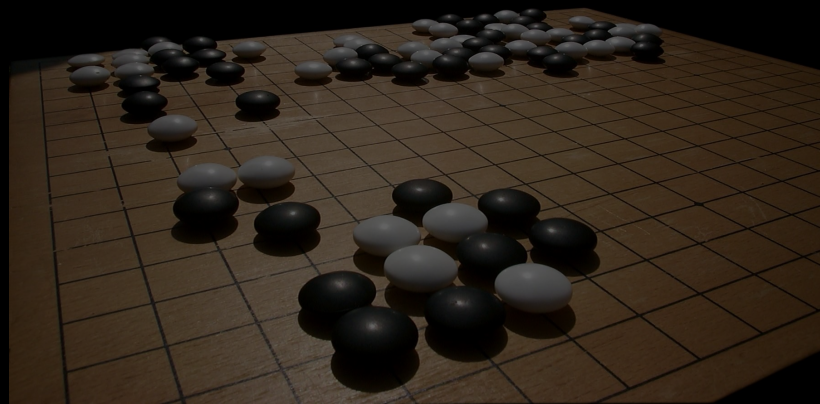
Outline

- Go & Computer Go
- Our Project
- Neural Networks
- Different Approaches & Results
- Learning from AI





Go & Computer Go





What is Go



- Go is an abstract strategy board game for two players, in which the aim is to surround more territory than the opponent.
- Origin: China ~4000 years ago
- Among the most played games in the world
- Top-level international players can become millionaires



Quotes

“The rules of go are so elegant, organic, and rigorously logical that if intelligent life forms exist elsewhere in the universe, they almost certainly play go”. - Edward Lasker

“The board is a mirror of the mind of the players as the moments pass. When a master studies the record of a game he can tell at what point greed overtook the pupil, when he became tired, when he fell into stupidity, and when the maid came by with tea.” - Anonymous



Proverbs

Go proverbs summarize wisdom in easy-to-remember phrases.

- Move where your opponent wants to move.
- If you have lost all four corners then you have lost.
- If you have secured all four corners then you have lost.
- Don't follow proverbs blindly.
- ...

Proverbs for all situations

- [The enemy's key point is yours](#)
- [Play on the point of symmetry](#)
- [Sente gains nothing](#)
- [Beware of going back to patch up](#)
- [When in doubt, Tenuki](#)
- [People in glass houses shouldn't throw stones](#)

Life-and-death proverbs

- [There is death in the hane](#)
- [Hane...Cut...Placement](#)
- [Learn the eyestealing tesuji](#)
- [Capture three to get an eye](#)
- [Six die but eight live \(on the second line\)](#)
- [Four die but six live](#)
- [Four is five and five is eight and six is twelve](#)
- [The carpenter's square becomes ko](#)
- [The L group is dead](#)
- [The door group is dead](#)
- [Strange things happen at the one two point](#)
- [Eyes win semeais](#)
- [Check escape routes first](#)
- [Only enclosed groups can be killed](#)
- [A three-move approach ko is not a ko](#)

Tactics proverbs

- [Respond to attachment with hane](#)
- [Hane at the Head of Two Stones](#)
- [Crosscut then extend](#)
- [Capture the cutting stones](#)
- [Beginners play atari](#)
- [The empty triangle is bad](#)
- [The one-point jump is never bad](#)
- [Don't try to cut the one-point jump](#)
- [From one, two. From two, three](#)
- [Strike at the waist of the keima](#)
- [Cutting right through a knight's move is very big](#)
- [Do not peep at cutting points](#)
- [Even a moron connects against a peep](#)
- [If you have one stone on the third line in atari, add a second stone and sacrifice both](#)
- [Use contact moves for defence](#)
- [Never ignore a shoulder hit](#)
- [The bamboo joint may be short of liberties](#)
- [Nets are better than ladders](#)
- [Answer the capping play with a knight's move](#)
- [Approach from the wider side](#)
- [Block on the wider side](#)
- [Play at the centre of three stones](#)
- [Answer keima with kosumi](#)
- [Five liberties for tactical stability](#)
- [Capture stones caught in a ladder at the earliest opportunity](#)
- [Two hanes gain a liberty](#)
- [The strong player plays straight, the weak plays diagonal](#)
- [There is no connection in the carpenter's triangle](#)
- [Play double sente early](#)

Strategy proverbs

- [Urgent points before big points](#)
- [Play away from thickness](#)
- [Don't use thickness to make territory](#)



Rules



Demo in Drago

- Counting
- Capturing
- Suicide
- Ko
- Example for complex patterns: Ladder
- Handicap



Complexity

- Local vs. global
- Highest state space
complexity of any
information complete game



Chess vs. Go search space - animation from AlphaGo movie



Computer Go Timeline: **Early decades**

- **1968:** 1st Go program by A. L. Zobrist, thesis on pattern recognition, influence function to estimate territory and Zobrist hashing to detect ko
- **1981:** Jonathan K Millen, “Wally” on a 15x15 board, 1 KB RAM
- **1994:** The winning program of the World Computer Go Championship, “Go Intellect”, loses consistently against youth players despite 15-stone handicap. Weaknesses were easy to exploit.

Many programs were developed. Screenshot from Sensei's Library GoPlayingPrograms page:

Programs of Historic Interest

- [Acornsoft Go](#) -- (BBC Micro; emulators available)
- [AmiGoGtp](#) -- (Windows/Linux) -- Free. Older programs
- [GNU Go](#) -- (GNU/Linux, Unix, Windows, Mac)
- [Go++](#) -- (Windows) -- Commercial, 2002 [Computer O](#)
 - [Tensai Go](#) (Strongest Go) -- (Windows)
- [GoAhead](#) -- (German)
- [Goemate](#) (was Handtalk) -- (DOS, Windows),
- [Go Intellect](#) -- (Macintosh), 2004 [Computer O](#)
 - [Goddess](#) -- a Microsoft Windows version
- [Go Professional II](#) (now sold as [Go++](#))
- [Goliath](#) -- (Windows, Macintosh)
- [Haruka](#) -- Japan
- [IndiGo](#) -- (Windows, Linux)
- [Katsunari](#) -- (19x13; Windows)
 - [AI IGO](#) -- (Playstation, Nintendo DS) --
- [MAGOG](#) -- (9x9)
- [Nemesis](#) and <http://www.gophergo.com/pac>
- [Pachi](#) -- (Linux) -- Reasonably strong open source
- [Riscigo](#) -- a dedicated computer project by [Br](#)
- [SilverStar](#) (KCC Igo) -- -- (Windows) -- Commercial
- [Star of Poland](#) -- one of the first strong programs
- [Wulu](#) <http://soft.mycom.co.jp/wulu5.html> -- [Free](#)
 - [Wulu Demo](#) <http://www.usgo.org/reso>

Other programs

- [3D Tashoku?](#) <http://www.cs.columbia.edu/~>
- [AIGO](#) -- (Palm OS) -- Shareware
- [AUGOS](#) -- (Windows, DOS)
- [Darius](#) -- (Windows) -- Free
 - [Darius3D?](#) <http://ricoh51.free.fr/index>
- [Disco?](#) <http://shed-skin.blogspot.com/2009/>
- [dpcgoban?](#) <http://dpc.wikidot.com/lab:dpcgoban>
- [ergo?](#) <https://github.com/CurtisHughes/ergo>
- [Ego](#) <http://webpages.charter.net/suewilcox/>
 - [Ez-go](#) <http://www.usgo.org/resources>
- [Erica](#) -- Developed as part of a research project



Computer Go Timeline: **21st century**

Developments in Monte Carlo tree search and machine learning...

- **2008:** “MoGo” beat Kim MyungWan (8p) with a 9-stone handicap, on 19×19 game, ran on an 800-node supercomputer
- **2009:** first programs holding dan-level ranks on KGS Go Server
- **2013:** “Crazy Stone” beat Yoshio Ishida (9p) with a 4-stone handicap
- **2014:** “Crazy Stone” lost an even game against Franz-Jozef Dickhut (6d), wins one match though

Range	Stage
30–20k	Beginner
19–10k	Casual player
9–1k	Intermediate amateur
1–7d	Advanced amateur
1–9p	Professional Player



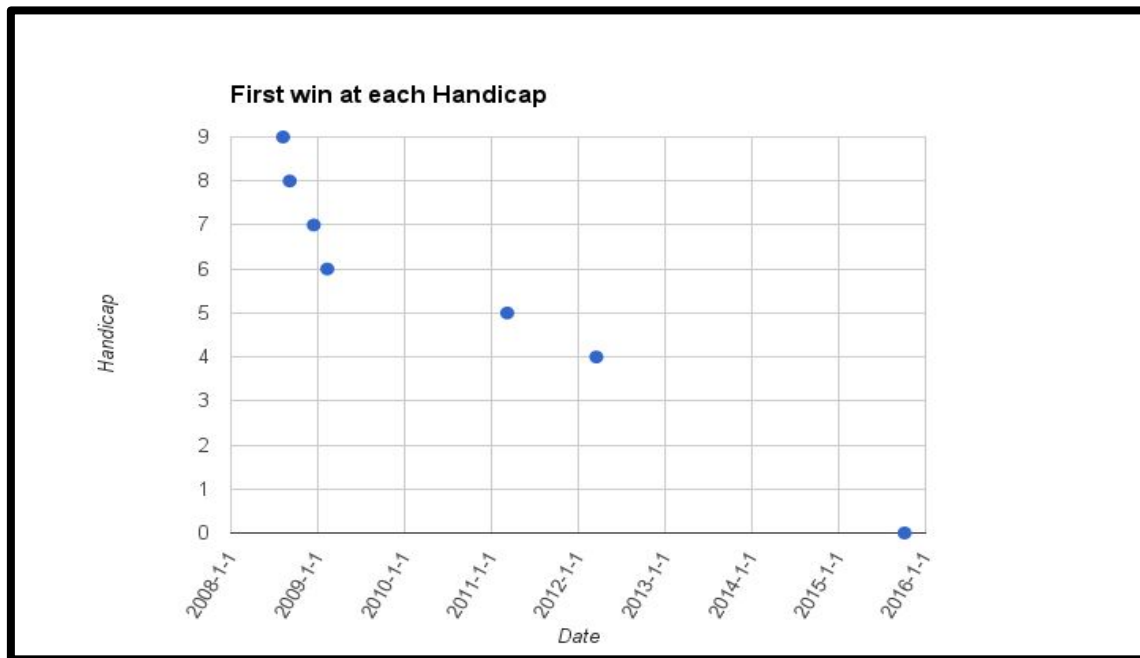
Computer Go Timeline: **Deep Learning**

- **2015:** “AlphaGo” by Google DeepMind beat Fan Hui (2p), the European Go champion, in all 5 games
- ★ **2016** ★ “AlphaGo” beat Lee Sedol (9p) in 4 of 5 games
- **2017:** “AlphaGo” beat Ke Jie (9p), in 3 of 3 games
- **October 2017:** “AlphaGo Zero”, no human input, beating its previous Ke Jie version in 89% of games

The basic principles of AlphaGo were published. Other teams produced high-level programs inspired by it. By 2017 others were also capable of defeating high level professionals some of the time.



Computer Go Timeline: **Handicap curve**



Handicap	Date	Computer	Human
9	2008-8-7	MoGo	Myungwan Kim 8p
8	2008-9-4	CrazyStone	Kaori Aoba 4p
7	2008-12-14	CrazyStone	Kaori Aoba 4p
6	2009-2-9	MoGo	Li-Chen Chien 1p
5	2011-3-8	Zen	Kozo Hayashi 6p
4	2012-3-17	Zen	Takemiya Masaki 9p
0	2015-10-5	AlphaGo	Fan Hui 2p
0	2016-03-09	AlphaGo	Lee Sedol 9p



AlphaGo movie

NETFLIX [Startseite](#) [Serien](#) [Filme](#) [Originale](#) [Kürzlich hinzugefügt](#) [Meine Liste](#)

AlphaGo

👍 2017 0 1 Std. 30 Min.

Das Spiel „Go“ ist scheinbar einfach und doch trügerisch komplex und damit der ideale Austragungsort für den Kampf zwischen künstlicher Intelligenz und Mensch.

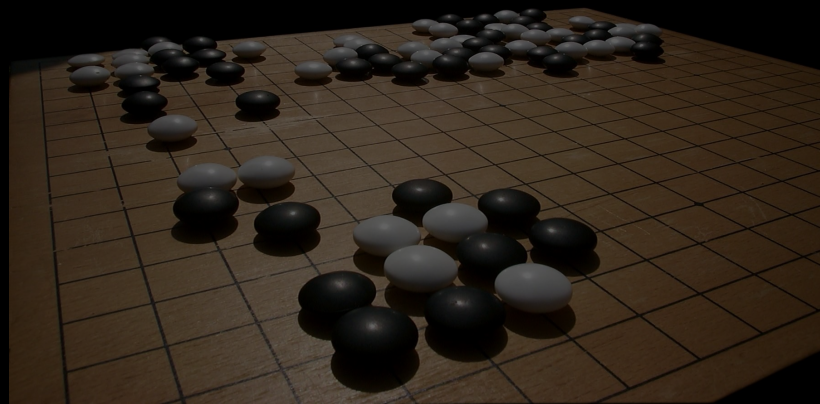
Regie: **Greg Kohs**
Genres: **Dokumentationen**

☒ MEINE LISTE ☐

[ÜBERSICHT](#) [ÄHNLICHE TITEL](#) [DETAILS](#)



Our Project





Our Project

Play Go using simple neural networks



Our Project

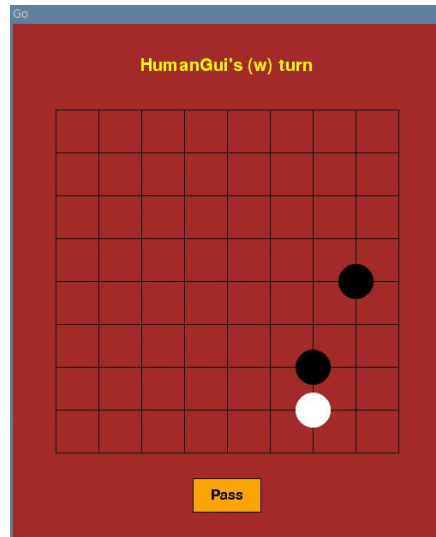
Play Go

using simple neural networks



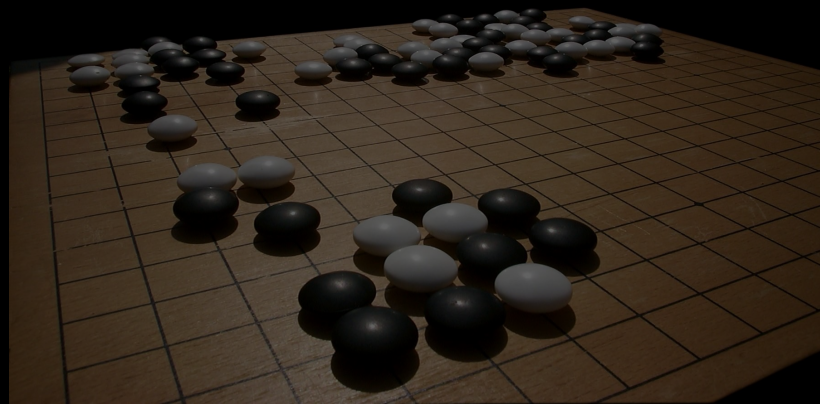
Playing Go on a computer

- Game engine
- Command line interface
- GUI
- Communication Protocol (GTP)
- Implement a random agent





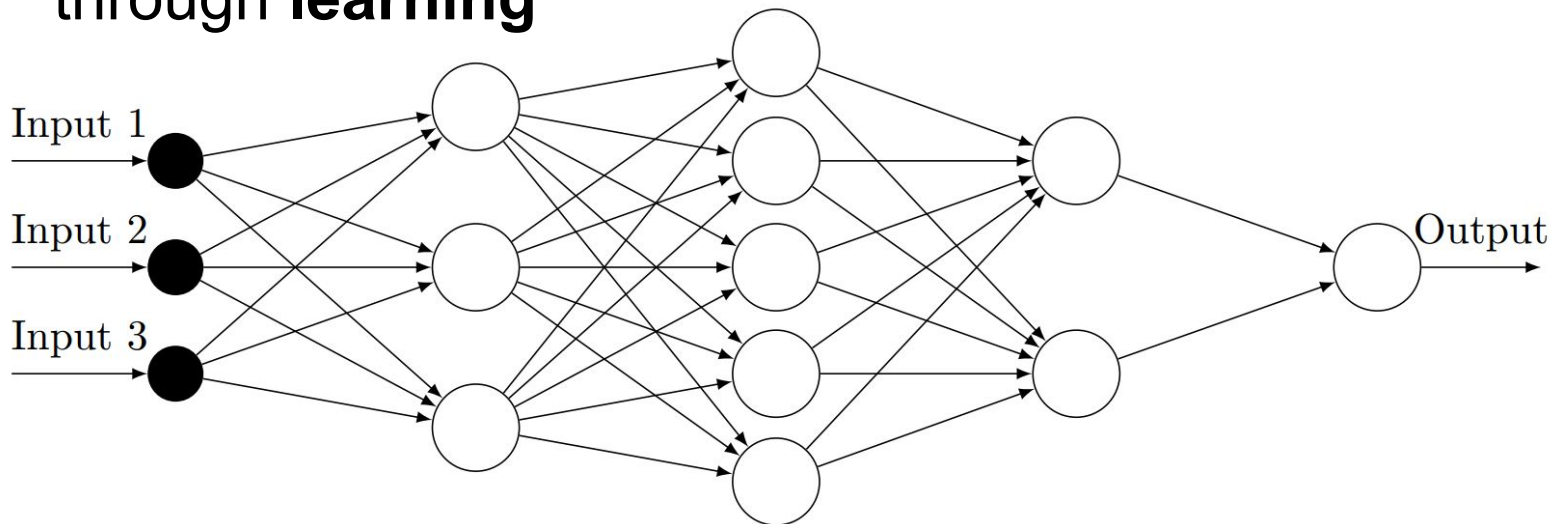
Neural Networks





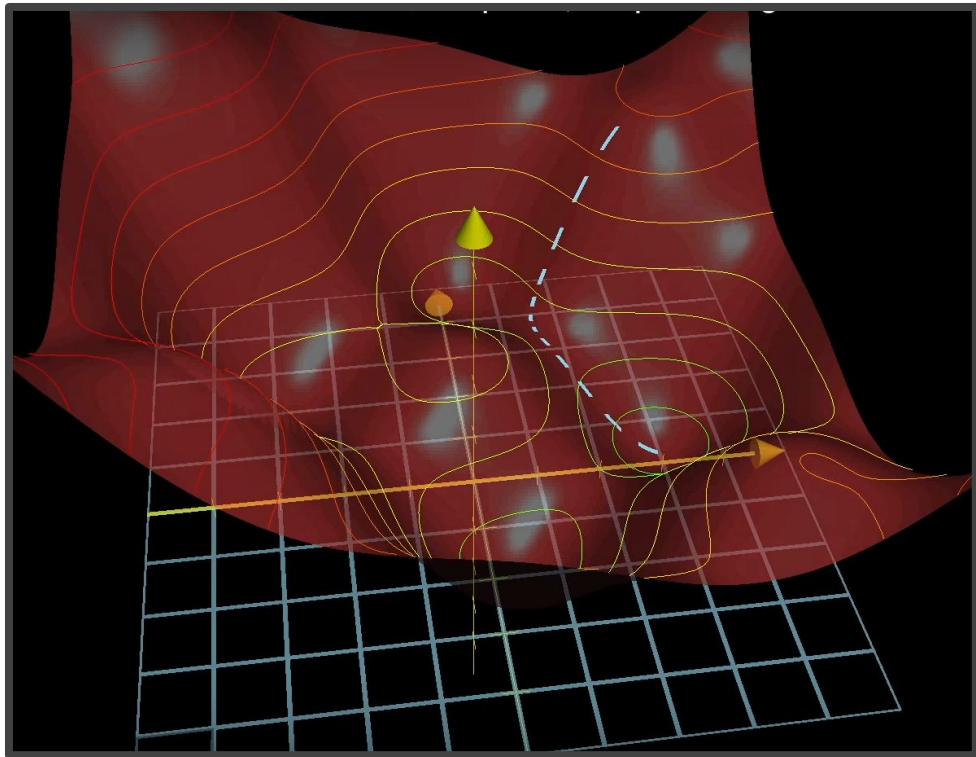
Our Go Neural Networks: **Architecture**

Goal: Find **good** approximation of $(f: \text{input} \rightarrow \text{output})$ through **learning**



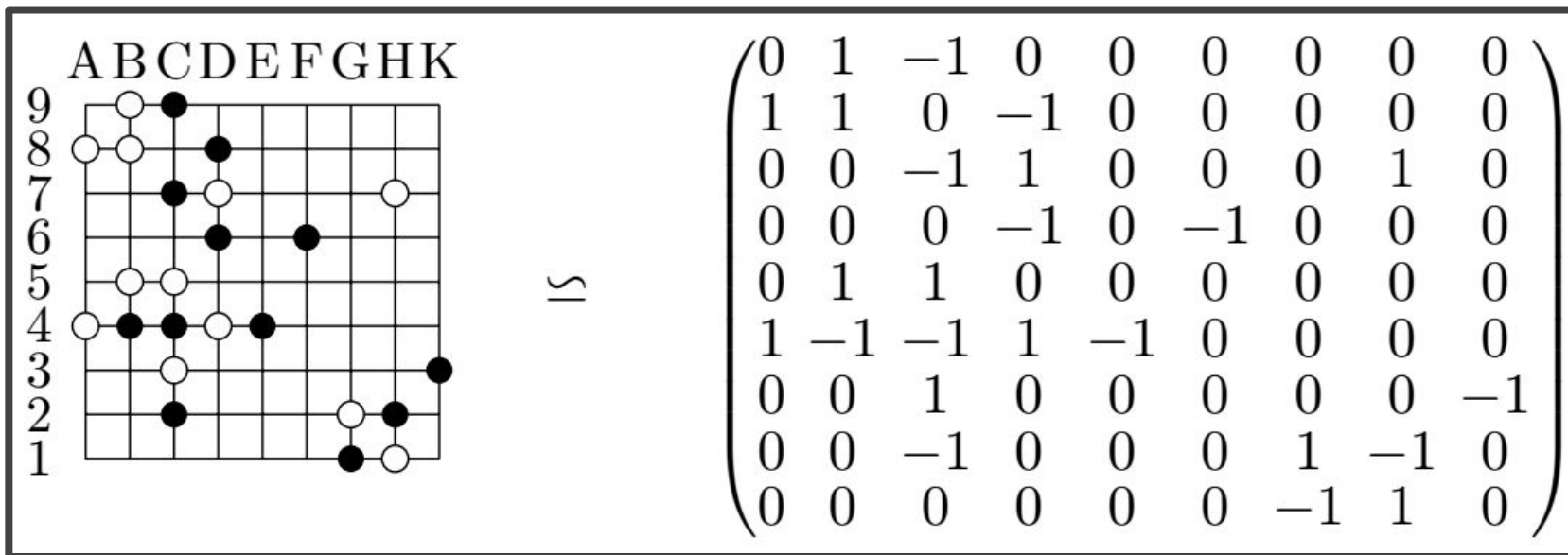


Our Go Neural Networks: **Gradient Descent**



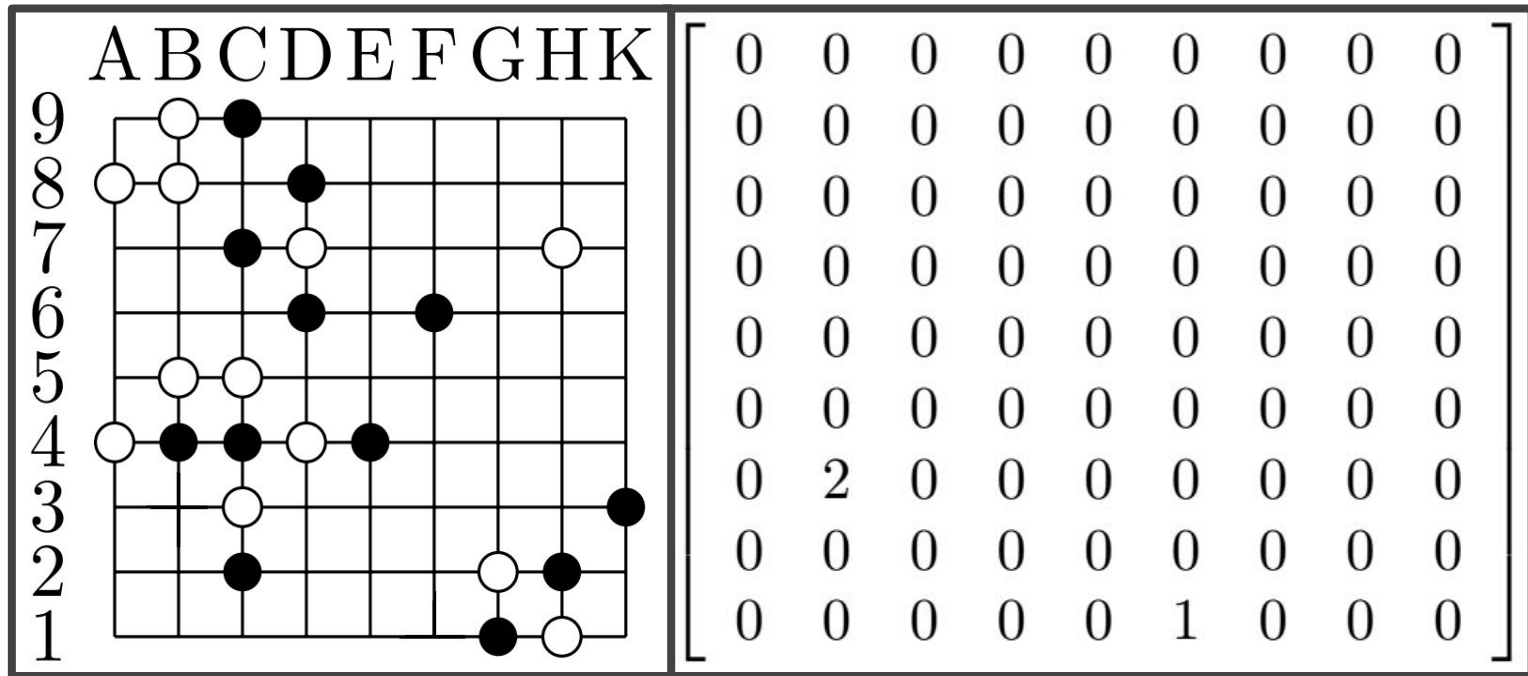


Our Go Neural Networks: **Input**





Our Go Neural Networks: **Input**

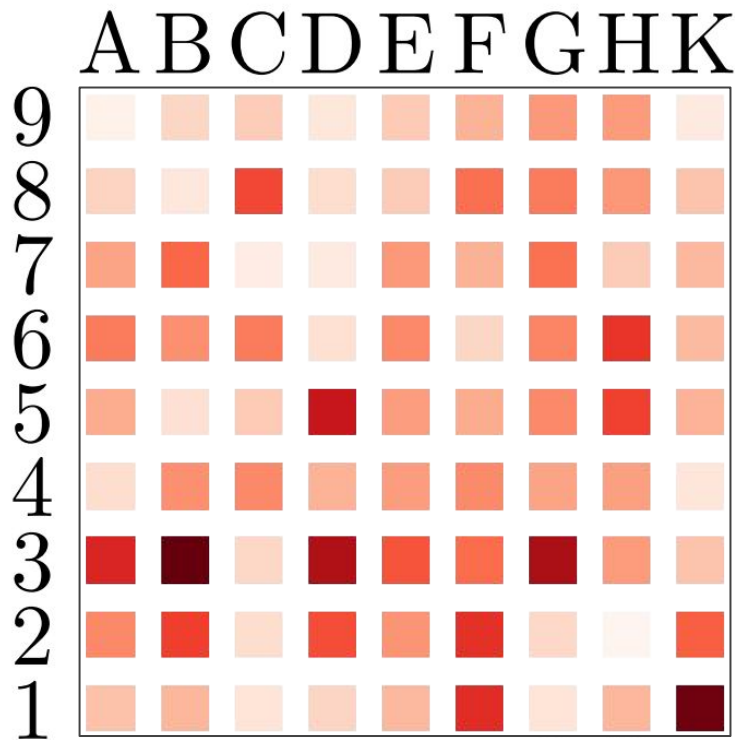




Our Go Neural Networks: **Output**

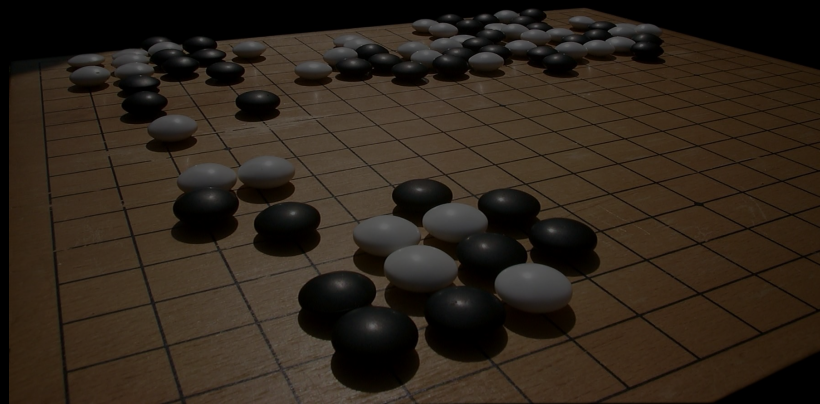
Two types of possible outputs:

- **Policy net:**
relative distribution of moves on this particular board (“heatmap”)
- **Value net:**
(win, loss)-ratio given the current board and the player whose turn it is



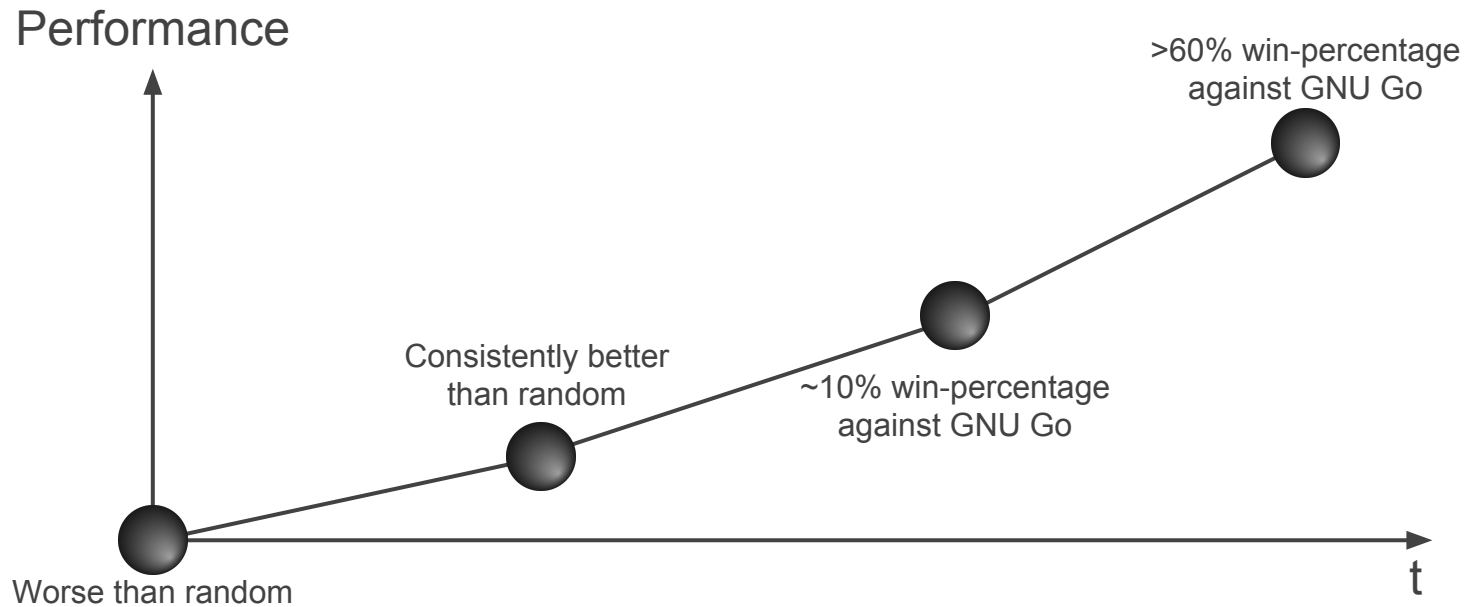


Results





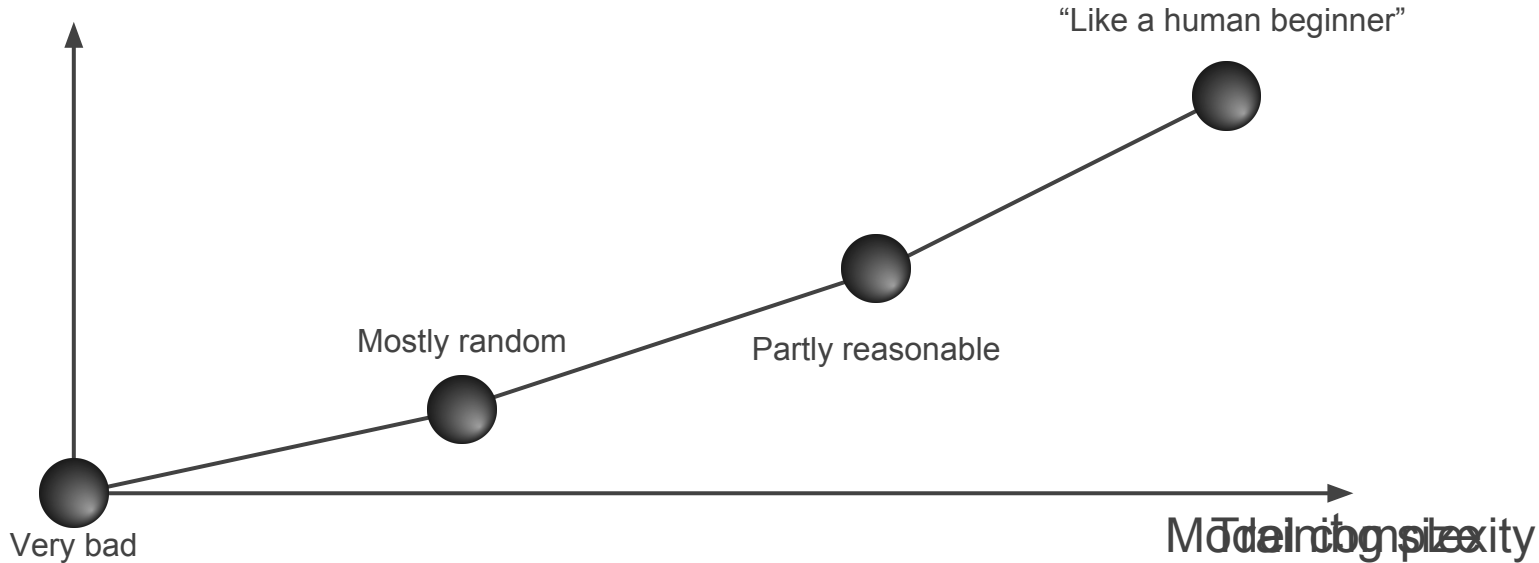
Performance





Performance

Performance





Insights: **Programming**



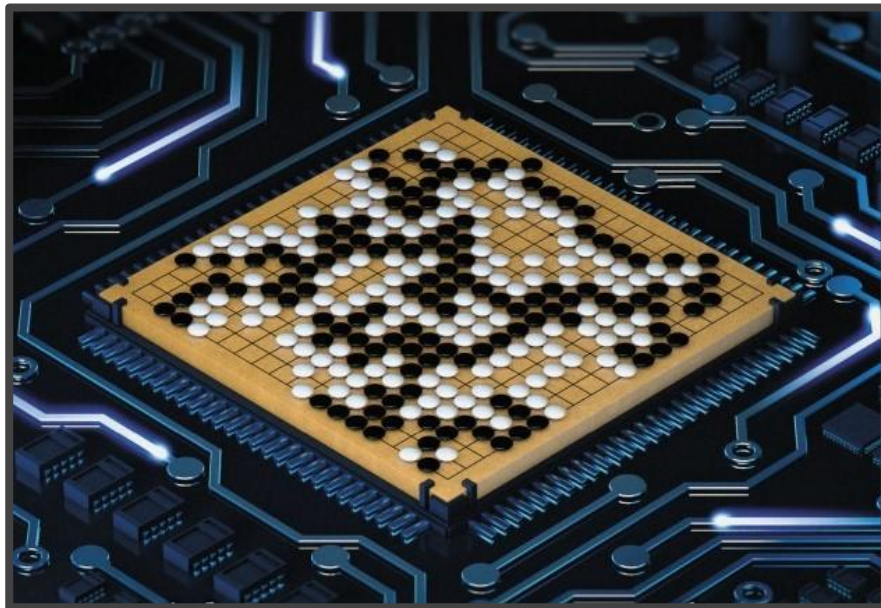
theano



- Python
- Implementing neural networks from scratch
- Deep learning libraries
- Software engineering
- Git



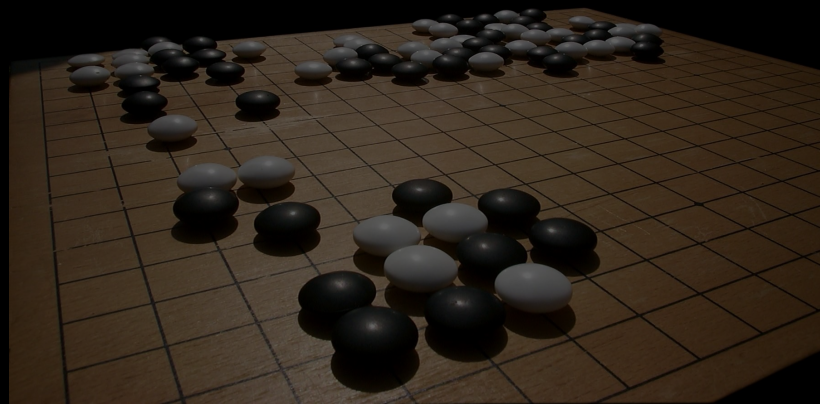
Insights: **Go & Computer-Go**



- Simple rules, but complex gameplay
- Challenging machine learning environment
- Rewarding project



Learning from AI





AlphaGo Zero

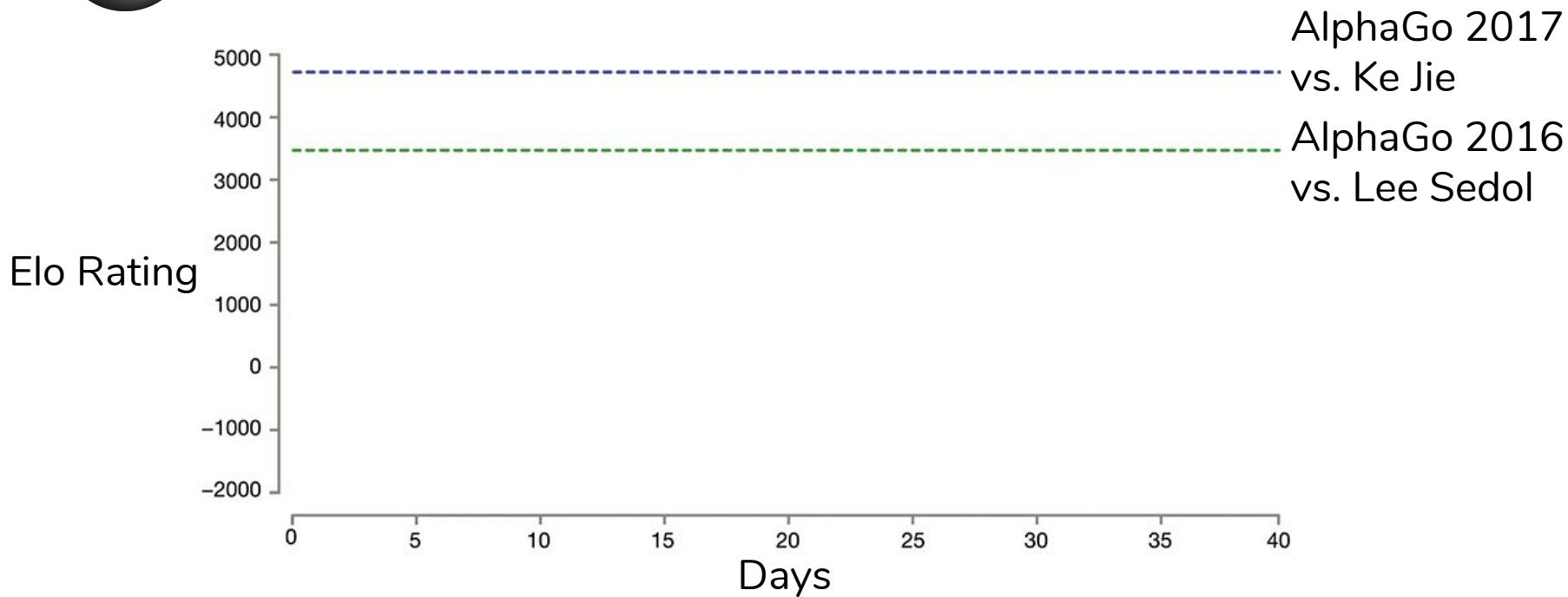
“WE’VE REMOVED THE CONSTRAINTS OF HUMAN KNOWLEDGE.” - AlphaGo Zero’s lead programmer, David Silver.

The Telegraph

AlphaGo Zero: Google DeepMind supercomputer learns 3,000 years of human knowledge in 40 days



AlphaGo Zero: **From Random to Champion**



<https://deepmind.com/blog/alphago-zero-learning-scratch/>

<https://en.chessbase.com/post/the-future-is-here-alphazero-learns-chess>



Alpha Zero: **Redefining Chess**

**MIT
Technology
Review**

**Alpha Zero's "Alien"
Chess Shows the
Power, and the
Peculiarity, of AI**

International
edition v
**The
Guardian**

**AlphaZero AI beats champion chess
program after teaching itself in four
hours**

THE  **TIMES**

**Google's DeepMind robot
becomes world-beating chess
grandmaster in four hours**

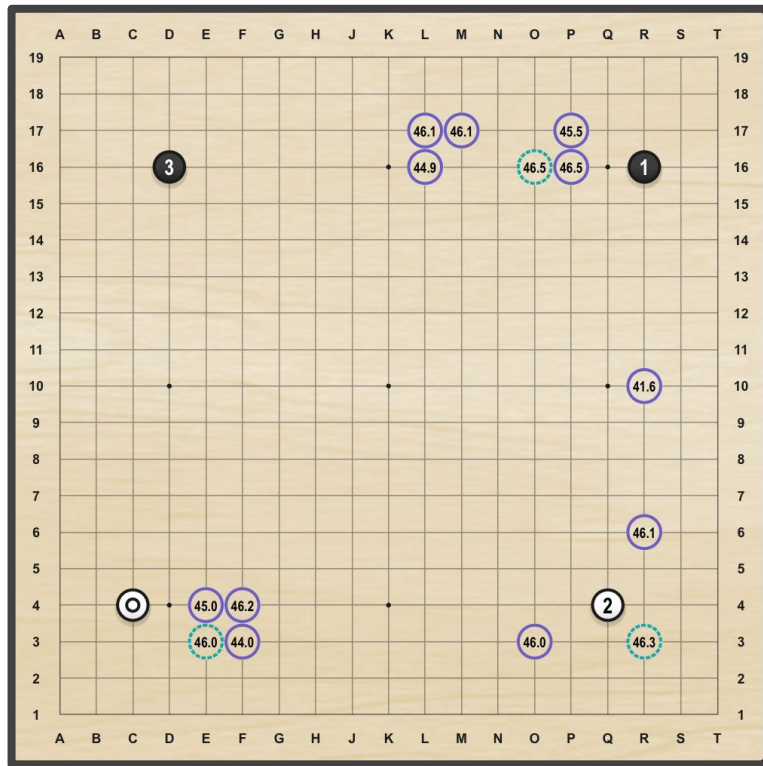
www.thetimes.co.uk/article/google-s-deepmind-alphazero-becomes-world-beating-chess-grandmaster-in-four-hours-hcPPP9vr2

www.technologyreview.com/s/609736/alpha-zeros-alien-chess-shows-the-power-and-the-peculiarity-of-ai/

www.theguardian.com/technology/2017/dec/07/alphazero-google-deepmind-ai-beats-champion-program-teaching-itself-to-play-four-hours



Creating Knowledge



The
Guardian
International
edition

'It's able to create knowledge itself'

KEY



Moves AlphaGo would play



Moves human players would play



Thank you: **xiè xie - arigatou - gamsahada**

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